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## BACKGROUND

- Sooty shearwaters (tītī) are native to Aotearoa and culturally important as a harvest species.<sup>1</sup>
- Tītī and their ocean habitat are impacted by climate change, but the extent of this threat is uncertain.
- Climate phenomena such as El Niño (cyclical and varied warming of the Pacific) also impacts ocean conditions e.g. primary productivity unpredictably.

# METHODS

Establish study burrows.

Track adult tītī with GPS to identify foraging hotspots.



Measure adult tītī and their chicks.

Repeat 2023 - 2026.



Mana Island

Sooty Shearwater | Titi

Does tītī condition decrease with changing ocean conditions due to El Niño?

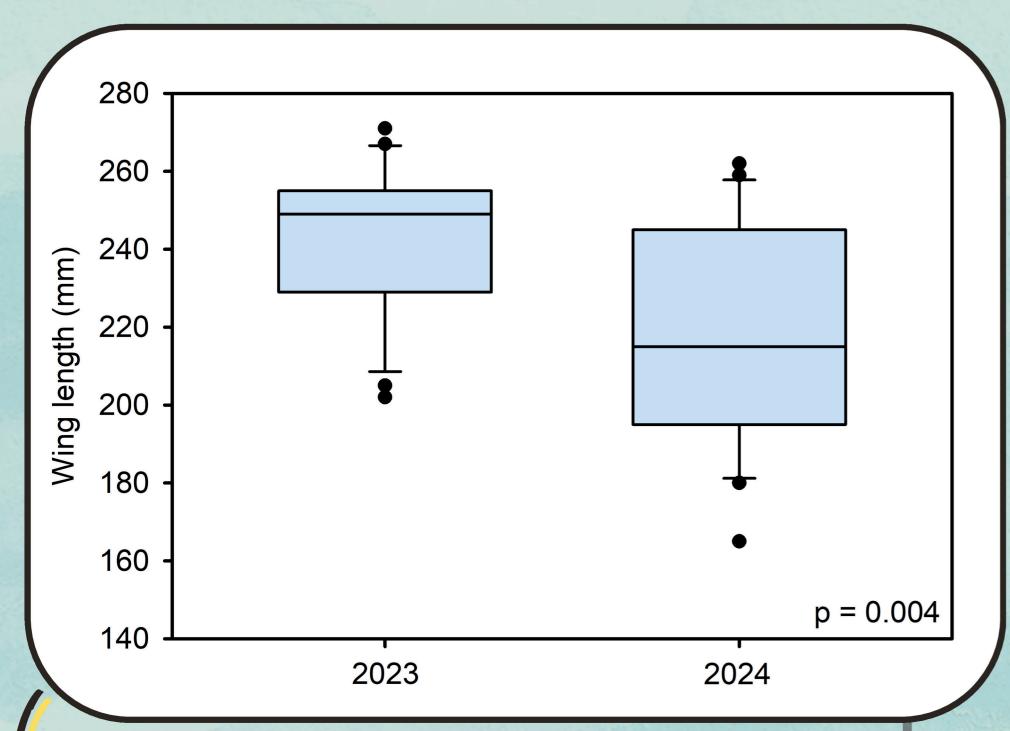


Figure 2: Wing length (proxy of chick growth) of sooty shearwater chicks on Mana Island 5th - 6th April 2023 (n = 21) and 29th - 31st March 2024 (n = 23).



Foraging near the Chatham Rise, supported by literature.4

OPLANKTO

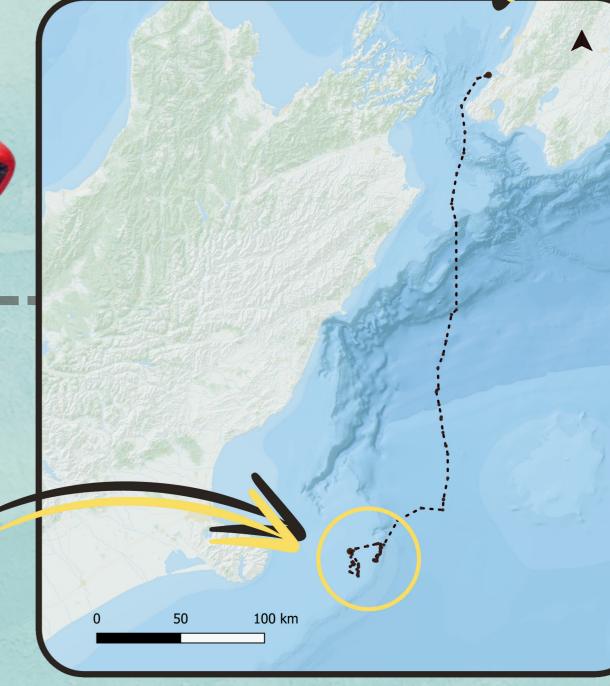
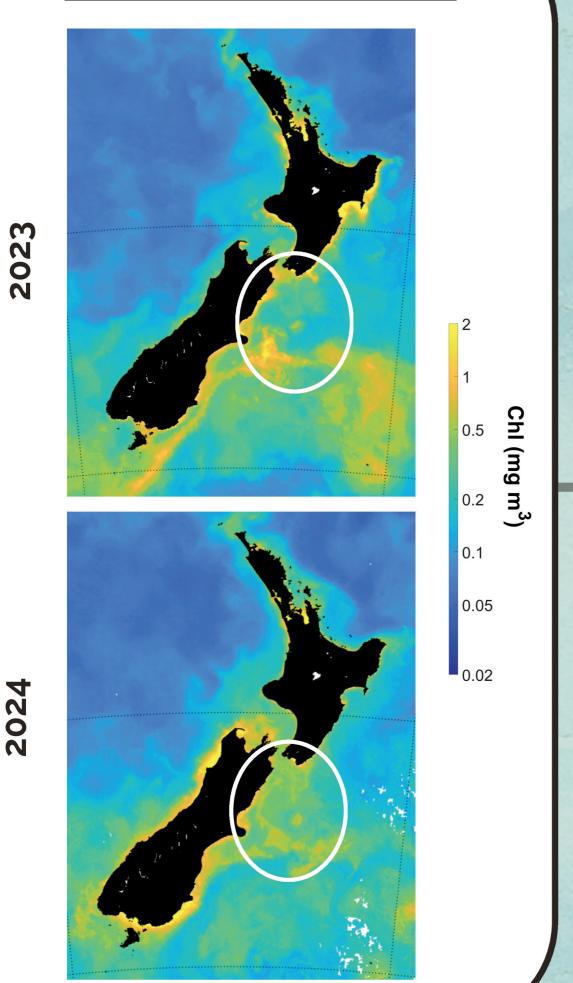


Figure 1: GPS track of adult tītī, 2nd - 4th March 2023.

### CHLOROPHYLL - A



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Spot the

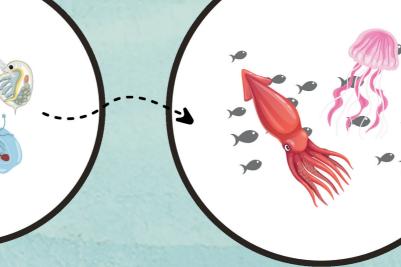
Phytoplankton can be observed from space by measuring chlorophyll-a

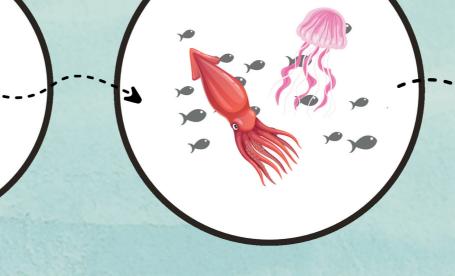
#### References:

1. Clucas et al., 2012. New Zealand Journal of Zoology.

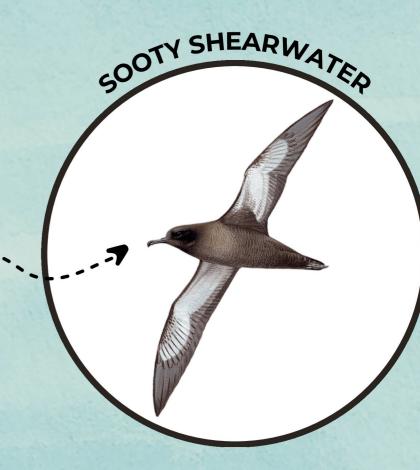
concentrations!

- 2. Lyver et al., 1999. Marine Ecology Progress Series.
- Racault et al., 2017. Frontiers in Marine Science.
- Shaffer et al., 2009. Marine Ecology Progress Series. Humphries & Möller, 2017. Marine Biology





DREY ITEMS



### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

- Shorter, more variable wing lengths in 2024 chicks.
- Suggests adult tītī may be struggling to find food.
- May be due to lower chl-a concentrations on the Chatham Rise, a known foraging hotspot for Mana tītī.
  - Likely a result of the strong 2024 El Niño.







- Assess tītī stress using feather hormones.
- Model links between ocean conditions, prey availability, and tītī condition to forecast breeding sucess.

Figure 3: Chlorophyll-a concentrations around Aotearoa, particularly the Chatham Rise, on 2nd March 2023 and 2024.